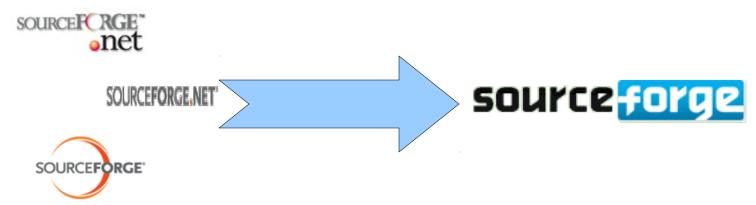
How Python, TurboGears, and MongoDB are Transforming SourceForge.net



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SourceForge, GeekNet, wha...?

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How do we make things exciting again?



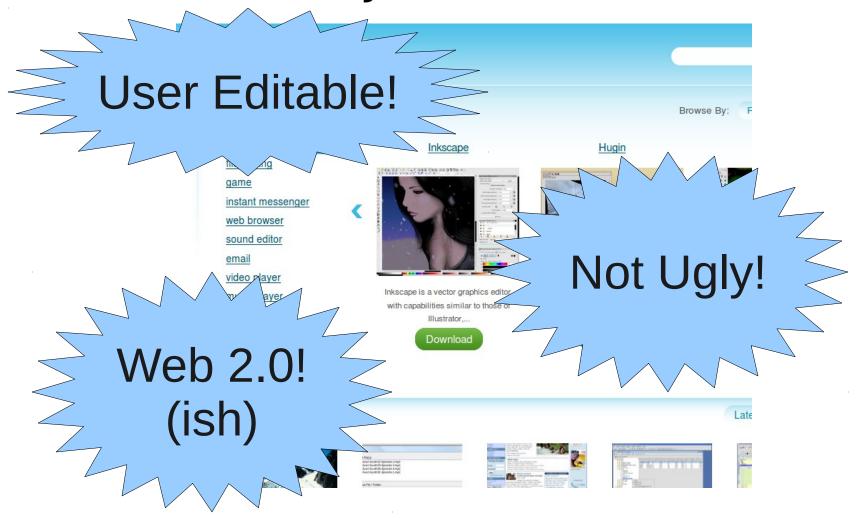
Python!



- Get it done well
- Get it done fast



First Project: FossFor.us





FossFor.us Technology







- Get it done well
- Get it done fast

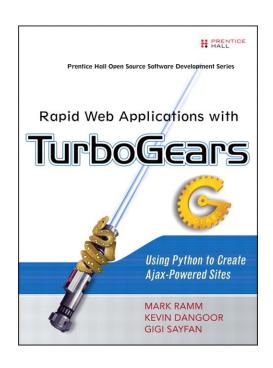


Mark Ramm Hired Halfway Through FossFor.us





But isn't he the TurboGears guy?







FossFor.us Went Well

- Small Team (2-3 programmers)
- Great framework/tools
- Flexibility to implement fast
- Could you guys give the same "spitn-polish" to SourceForge.net itself?



BUT

 SourceForge.net is written in PHP... why not just upgrade the PHP?

"SourceForge was written in the best technology 1998 had to offer"



So Another Diamo Site, Then?

TurboGears 2:0!







But Seriously, Why TG?

Easy to rip out what we don't need; most SF.net requests need:

- No authentication/authorization
- No widgets
- No admin
- No relational DB
- Lightweight session (stored in cookie)

Plays Nicely with others via WSGI middleware Geeknet 强

Database: NoSQL



- Fast, fast, fast!
- Handle large data sets
- Simple replication
- No need for disconnected replication / synchronization



Templates



- We liked Django template syntax but we wanted....
- More speed
- A bit more logic in the template
- To not import all of Django for the sake of the template engine



BUT

- We're only doing the "consumer" side of the site
- Need to interface with legacy PHP code
- SQL-based queues are too slow





Everything's Going Just Fine For *Most* Projects...











...Unless They Have a Lot of Releases

- MongoDB is document-oriented
- So we saved all the project info in one document
- When a project has lots of releases, we quickly overflow the max 4MB document size
- Also, large amounts of project data being fetched continuously
- FIX 1: Split Projects from ProjectReleases
- FIX 2: Cache Project records in memory



The Day the Servers Died

- Big release Project File System replaces File Release System
- Most SF.net engineers attending OSCON

Break away from sessions for the deployment....

CRASH!

Geeknet 5

But.... we tested it!

- Almost. Every. Part.
- Missed the download redirector click to download took you back to the browse screen
- Click → redirect → click again → and again → and again
- At one point, 5700 open connections



Good News: We Didn't Fall Over

- Well, we didn't *completely* fall over
- Some 503s, but some people got through
- Still not what we'd like, but it let us fix the redirector online and get people their downloads sooner rather than later.



Scaling Lessons Learned

- Hardware load balancers are nice (but you can probably get by just fine with LigHTTPd or nginx)
- Keep a local MongoDB slave on each web server
- In-process, thread-safe memory caches for frequently hit objects. (Tough to get cache invalidation right!)
- mod_wsgi multiprocess + multithreaded, auto restart every 2500-5000 requests to keep mem usage low
- 4 servers, 8 cores each, 8 GB each
- Run 6 TG processes per server, reserve 2 CPUs for whatever
 - We were memory-bound



Dead Ends? Memcached

- Great idea shared memory cache for multiple machines
- Overhead: Network
- Overhead: Serialization / Deserialization
- MongoDB is really fast anyway (almost as fast as Memcached)
- In-process Python dict is the fastest possible Python cache anyway



Where to Now?

- SourceForge releases Ming, a Python ORM-like library for MongoDB, under the MIT license
 - (http://sourceforge.net/projects/merciless)
- Continuing to rewrite more and more of our sites in Python, TG2, and MongoDB (they are our strategic tools)
- Be on the lookout for new announcements, new features, and new open source software from SourceForge.net
- "I'm not dead yet I feel happy!"



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Questions?

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